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Assessment Mechanisms In Integrative Education And The Role Of Grammar In Foreign Language Teaching

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Abstract

This paper analyzes the essence of the concept of integrative education and its advantages in teaching foreign languages, especially in the context of grammar instruction. The effectiveness of assessment mechanisms and their role in identifying students' language competencies are also explored.

Keywords: Integrative education, formative assessment, summative assessment, grammar, competence, foreign language teaching.

Introduction

modern educational systems, In the integrative approach-i.e., teaching based on interdisciplinary connections—is widely used, especially in foreign language education, where it leads to high efficiency, grammar particularly in instruction. Grammar serves as the foundational pillar of a language, playing a decisive role in the development of other skills such as reading, writing. listening. and speaking. Additionally, assessment mechanisms are vital in determining the level of grammar acquisition, analyzing errors, and ensuring an individualized approach to instruction.

Integrative Education: Theoretical Foundations. Integrative education involves the harmonious teaching of multiple subjects or skills within a single learning process, fostering the holistic development of learners and applying knowledge real-life contexts. to In language learning, this might include analyzing grammatical structures through historical texts or enriching vocabulary by writing scientific articles. The connection between language and other subjects (CLIL approach) and a competence-based approach emphasize learning through practical use of language rather than studying grammar in isolation.

Advantages of the Integrative ApproachinGrammarTeachingModernmethodologiesemphasizepresenting grammar not as a set of abstract

rules but as a tool for organizing accurate communication.

Grammar should be taught through real-life contexts: dialogues, narratives, news texts; role-play and communicative tasks; and analytical writing exercises.

Assessment Mechanisms and Their Role in Grammar Instruction

• Formative assessment – ongoing feedback during the learning process: minitests, exercises, and reflections.

• Summative assessment – conducted at the end of a learning period: tests, exams, and projects. Other tools include portfolios, assessment rubrics, diagnostic tests, and automated online platforms (Quizlet, Socrative, Google Forms).

Error statistics help identify weak points; individualized learning plans can be developed; and effective communication is fostered between teachers and students.

Conclusion and Recommendations Integrative education demonstrates high efficiency in foreign language instruction, particularly in acquiring grammar within real-life contexts. Assessment tools play a crucial role in identifying and developing students' knowledge levels. Teachers should increasingly apply context-based methods for grammar instruction and regularly use formative assessment tools to support learning progress.



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