

# The Comparative Analysis Of Plural Forms Of Nouns In Uzbek And English Language

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## Abstract

This article is devoted to a comparative analysis of plural forms of nouns in the Uzbek and English languages. It examines the grammatical expression of the category of plurality, particularly the affixes used in Uzbek and English, as well as exceptional forms. In addition, the article highlights grammatical and lexical plurality, countable and uncountable nouns, and the significance of words expressing quantity.

**Keywords:** category of plurality, indefinite plurality, irregular words, grammatical plural, lexical plural, countable and uncountable nouns, and quantifiers (words of quantity).

## Annotatsiya

Ushbu maqola o'zbek va ingliz tilida itlarning ko'plik shaklini qiyosiy asosda tahlil qilishga bag'ishlangan. Unda ko'plik kategoriyasining grammatik ifodalanishi, xususan o'zbek va ingliz tilidagi qo'shimchalar, shuningdek, istisno shakllar ko'rib chiqiladi. Bundan tashqari, grammatik va leksik ko'plik, sanaladigan va sanalmaydigan otlar, miqdor bildiruvchi so'zlarning ahamiyati yoritib beriladi.

**Kalit so'zlar:** ko'plik kategoriyasi, noaniq ko'plik, istisno so'zlar, grammatik ko'plik, leksik ko'plik, sanaladigan va sanalmaydigan otlar, miqdor bildiruvchi so'zlar.

Ko'plik kategoriyasi tilshunoslikda otlarning miqdor jihatdan birdan ortiqligini ifodalovchi eng asosiy grammatik tushuncha hisoblanadi. Ushbu ko'plik qo'shimchasi har bir tilning grammatik tizimida o'ziga xos shakl va mazmun orqali namoyon bo'ladi. O'zbek va ingliz tillarida ko'plik ma'nosi grammatik hamda leksik vositalar yordamida ifodalanib, ularning qo'llanishi nutqiy va semantik omillarga bog'liq.

Rus va ingliz tilshunosligida otlarning ko'plik shakli grammatik kategoriya sifatida chuqur o'rganilgan. Masalan, A.N.Kononov, R.Quirk, O.Jespersen, H.Sweet<sup>1</sup>. A. Kononov turk tillarda ko'plik kategoriyasini o'rganib, *-lar* qo'shimchasini umumturkiy ko'rsatkich deb hisoblaydi. U ko'plik qo'shimchasini ayrim hollarda tushub qolishini ham ko'rsatadi. Randolph Quirk esa "A comprehensive grammar of the English language" asarida otlarda son kategoriyasini 2 asosiy turga ajratadi: a) birlik b) ko'plik. Yana bir ingliz tilshunosi bo'lgan Otto Jespersen "The philosophy of grammar" asarida ko'plikni faqat grammatik shakl emas, balki mantiqiy tushuncha sifatida ham izohlaydi. Uning fikricha, ko'plik har doim ham real sonni bildirmyadi. Ba'zi hollarda u umumlashtirish ma'nosini beradi. Henry Sweet ham ko'plikni tarixiy rivojlanish nuqtai nazardan o'rganadi. U qadimgi ingliz tilida turli ko'plik qo'shimchalari mavjud bo'lganini ta'kidlaydi.

O'zbek tilshunosligida ham otlarning ko'plik shakli masalasi muhim o'rin tutadi. A.Fitrat, Sh.Raxmatullayev, G'.Abduraxmonov<sup>2</sup> kabi olimlar o'z asarlarida ko'plik kategoriyasini yoritib bergan. Fitrat o'zbek tilida otlarning grammatik kategoriyalarini ko'rsatib, ko'plikni *-lar* qo'shimchasi orqali ifodalanadigan grammatik shakl deb izohlaydi. Shavkat Raxmatullayev esa o'zbek tilida ko'plik kategoriyasi morfologik jihatdan sodda, uning asosiy ko'rsatkichi *-lar* qo'shimchasi deb aytib o'tgan. Undan tashqari ko'plik sonni emas, balki umumlashtirish, hurmat kuchaytirish ma'nolarini bildirishini ta'kidlagan.

<sup>1</sup> Kononov, A. N. (1956). Грамматика современного узбекского литературного языка. Москва–Ленинград: Издательство АН СССР; Quirk, R. (1985). A Comprehensive Grammar of the English Language. London: Longman; Jespersen, O. (1924). The Philosophy of Grammar. London: George Allen & Unwin; Sweet, H. (1891). A New English Grammar (Logical and Historical). Oxford: Clarendon Press.

<sup>2</sup> Fitrat, A. (1924). O'zbek tili qoidalari. Buxoro; Rahmatullayev, Sh. (2010). Hozirgi o'zbek adabiy tili. Morfologiya. Toshkent: Universitet nashriyoti.; Abdurahmonov, G. (1975). Hozirgi o'zbek adabiy tili. Toshkent: O'qituvchi nashriy

O'zbek va ingliz tillarida ko'plik kategoriyasi morfologik jihatdan turlicha ifodalanadi. O'zbek tilida ko'plik asosan *-lar* qo'shimchasi orqali yasaladi: kitob – kitoblar, bola – bolalar, daraxt – daraxtlar. Ushbu qo'shimcha barcha otlarga deyarli bir xil shaklda qo'shiladi va fonetik muhitga qarab talaffuzda kichik o'zgarishlar kuzatilishi mumkin. O'zbek tilida ko'plik qo'shimchasi nafaqat miqdoriy ko'plikni, balki hurmat, umumlashtirish va kuchaytirish ma'nolarini ham bildiradi. Masalan: Onalar keldi (haqiqiy ko'plik), Otamlar keldilar (hurmat ma'nosi), Bahorlar keladi (umumlashtirish).

Ingliz tilida esa ko'plik asosan *-s / -es* qo'shimchalari orqali ifodalanadi: *book – books, pen – pens, box – boxes*. Biroq ingliz tilida ko'plik shakllanishi o'zbek tiliga nisbatan murakkabroq bo'lib, turli istisno shakllar mavjud. Masalan:

- ichki unli o'zgarishi orqali: *man – men, woman – women*;
- qo'shimcha o'zgarishi orqali: *child – children*;
- o'zgarmaydigan shakllar: *sheep– sheep, deer – deer*;
- lotin va yunon tilidan kirgan so'zlar: *phenomenon – phenomena, datum – data*.

Shuningdek, ingliz tilida ayrim otlar faqat birlik shaklida (*information, advice, furniture*) yoki faqat ko'plik shaklida (*scissors, trousers, glasses*) ishlatiladi. Bu holat o'zbek tilida deyarli uchramaydi, chunki o'zbek tilida ko'pchilik otlar erkin ravishda ko'plik qo'shimchasini qabul qila oladi.

Har ikkala tilda ham grammatik va leksik ko'plik farqlanadi. Grammatik ko'plik morfologik qo'shimchalar orqali ifodalanadi. Leksik ko'plik esa miqdor bildiruvchi so'zlar yordamida yuzaga keladi. Masalan, o'zbek tilida: bir nechta kitob, ko'p odam, yuzlab talabalar; ingliz tilida: *many books, several students, a lot of people*.

Ingliz tilida ko'plik kategoriyasi sanaladigan va sanalmaydigan otlar bilan chambarchas bog'liq. Sanaladigan otlar birlik va ko'plik shaklida qo'llanadi (*apple – apples*), sanalmaydigan otlar esa odatda ko'plik qo'shimchasini olmaydi (*water, milk, sugar*). O'zbek tilida esa bunday qat'iy grammatik tafovut mavjud emas, chunki kontekst orqali miqdor anglashiladi: suvlar shakli ham ba'zi hollarda ishlatilishi mumkin (masalan, *turli xil suvlar* ma'nosida).

Yana bir muhim jihat shundaki, ingliz tilida fe'lning shakli ham otning birlik yoki ko'plikda kelishiga qarab o'zgaradi: *The student is here. The students are here.*

O'zbek tilida esa fe'l shakli ko'pincha o'zgarmaydi, faqat shaxs-son qo'shimchalari orqali moslashadi: *Talaba keldi. Talabalar keldi.*

Demak, o'zbek tilida ko'plik ko'proq morfologik soddalik bilan ifodalansa, ingliz tilida u morfologik va sintaktik jihatdan murakkabroq tizimni tashkil etadi.

### Xulosa

O'zbek va ingliz tillarida otlarning ko'plik shakli grammatik kategoriya sifatida muhim o'rin tutadi va har ikki til tizimida o'ziga xos xususiyatlarga ega. Qiyosiy tahlil natijasida shuni ko'rish mumkinki, o'zbek tilida ko'plik asosan yagona *-lar* qo'shimchasi orqali ifodalanadi va morfologik jihatdan nisbatan soddalik tizimni tashkil etadi. Shu bilan birga, bu qo'shimcha faqat miqdoriy ko'plikni emas, balki hurmat, umumlashtirish va stilistik ma'nolarni ham bildirishi mumkin.

Ingliz tilida esa ko'plik shakllanishi ko'proq murakkab va ko'p qirrali hisoblanadi. Asosiy ko'rsatkichlar *-s / -es* qo'shimchalari bo'lsa-da, ichki tovush o'zgarishi, o'zgarmas shakllar hamda lotin va yunon tilidan kirgan istisno shakllar mavjudligi bu tizimni murakkablashtiradi. Bundan tashqari, ingliz tilida sanaladigan va sanalmaydigan otlar o'rtasidagi qat'iy farq ham ko'plik kategoriyasining qo'llanish doirasini belgilaydi.

Har ikki tilda ham grammatik va leksik ko'plik vositalari mavjud bo'lib, miqdor bildiruvchi so'zlar muhim rol o'ynaydi. Ammo ingliz tilida birlik va ko'plik shakllari fe'l bilan grammatik moslashuvni talab etsa, o'zbek tilida bu hodisa nisbatan soddaroq namoyon bo'ladi.

Umuman olganda, o'zbek va ingliz tillarida ko'plik kategoriyasi mazmunan o'xshash bo'lsa-da, ularning ifodalanish vositalari, grammatik mexanizmlari va qo'llanish xususiyatlari jihatidan sezilarli farqlarga ega. Mazkur qiyosiy tahlil ikki tilning grammatik tizimini chuqurroq anglashga hamda chet tilini o'qitish jarayonida yuzaga kelishi mumkin bo'lgan qiyinchiliklarni aniqlashga yordam beradi.

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